Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



62,97

Toole's 1935 CATALOG



HARDY PERENNIALS
ROCK GARDEN PLANTS
MIDWESTERN WILD FLOWERS

W. A. TOOLE

of

Garry-nee-Dule

BARABOO, WISCONSIN

To Our Flower Loving Friends

We were much pleased during 1934 to see how interested many people were in our three exhibits at A Century of Progress. If you were one of our friends who visited the Horticulture Building, we hope you enjoyed all the many interesting gardens displayed there.

New varieties are being tried out constantly at Garrynee-Dule, discarding some kinds and adding others to our list. This experimenting is intensely interesting, but expensive.

You will again find Tooles' plants offered in two types, small but vigorous potted plants and field grown stock. The potted plants are specially recommended for rock garden planting where they quickly establish themselves and readily become adjusted to the irregular rock or wall garden surfaces.

GUARANTEE

These plants are guaranteed to reach you in good growing condition. Complaints as to quality of plants received must be sent us within ten days of receipt of plants. We do not guarantee growth or hardiness of these plants other than above. Should any plants prove untrue to name, we are always ready to make replacements when notified.

VISITORS

Visitors are always welcome at Garry-nee-Dule where you will find many new and interesting plants in the Rock Garden, Perennial Gardens, and Nature Trail.

TERMS

Cash with order, which includes packing and delivery charges. Minimum order \$1.00.

PRICES

12 of one variety at the price of 10; 3 or more of a kind at dozen rates; write for quotations on large quantities.

W. A. Toole, of Garry-nee-Dule, Baraboo, Wis.

17. 11. 1001c, of daily nec-Duic, Daraboo, 1113.		
Varieties suitable for Rock Gardens marked *	Pot.	F'ld
ACAENA (New Zealand Bur)	1000	
"Sanguisorbae.—A spreading ground cover with		
shiny green foliage	.15	
ACHILLEA		
*Aizoon—While the clusters of white flowers are		
ornamental, the real aftraction is the silvery		
foliage	.20	
Millefolium Roseum—A cultivated and improved		
form of the familiar "Yarrow" of our fields with		
showy rose colored flowers		.20
*Nana—Little mats of aromatic grey foliage,		
used as one of the flavorings of Chartreuse		
wine	15	
Ptarmica fl. pl.—Perrys Variety. A mound of		
button-like white flowers through the summer		.20
*Tomentosa—Low, wooly mats of grey green		
foliage, topped in season with heads of bright		
yellow flowers	15	
*Umbellata—Most effective as a silvery leaved	.13	
foliage plant if the flower heads are kept shear-		
ad off	1 -	

ADADIC (Dealeages)	Pot.	F'ld
*Alpina—6-8 inches; white; April	15	.20
*Alpina Fl. Pl.—Double flowered form of above		.25
*Alpina Rosea—6-8 inches; light pink; April		.25
*Kellereri—1-2 inches; white; April		
*Procurens—3-4 inches; white; May		
*Sturyi—3 inches; white; April	.45	
ARENARIA (Sandwort)		
*Grandiflora—3-4 inches; white; June-July	.15	.20
*Montana-Grandiflora—6 inches; white; summer		
*Purpurascens—2-3 inches; purple; June		.25
*Verna—Fine mossy foliage, tiny white flowers *Verna Aurea—Foliage golden yellow		
*Vingi—5 inches; white; May		
One each of the above 6 Arenarias, 90c		
ARMERIA		
*Alpina—Conspact little tufts with heads of light	25	.35
pink flowers in June* *Laucheana—4-6 inches; bright rose; all season		.25
*Laucheana Robusta—Taller with larger flower	• 1.0	.20
heads than preceeding	.15	.25
*Setacea—4-5 inches; light pink; June	.25	.35
One each of the above 4 Armerias, 70c		
ARTEMISIA Abrotanum—Lads Love or Southernwood	15	
Absinthium (Wormwood)—A shrubby plant used		
for medicine and a source of absinthe	.15	
Frigida—10-12 inches Silky silvery foliage		.25
Lactiflora—3-5 ft. Milk white; Sept.		
Silver King—14-20 inches; silvery foliage, often dried for winter use		
ASTER	.13	
*Alpinus—8-10 inches; purple; June	.15	.25
*Amellus—12-15 inches; Purple and yellow;		
Sept	.15	25
Elta—18-24 inches semi-double pale lilac; Sept		.25
*Linariifolius—6-8 inches; Lavender Blue; Sept.		.20
Likes sand soil	.15	
*Mauve Cushion—6-8 inches; light rose; Sept.		20
October		.20
*Sub-coeruleus—10-12 inches; purple and yellow;		.20
late June	.15	
ASTILBE		
*Simplicifolia—A dwarf form of Astilbe suited	50	
*Sinensis Pumila—Lovely fluffy spikes of lilac	.50	
pink in August	.50	
AUBRIETIA		
*Hybrida—One of the earlier plants to flower.	4 ~	
Purple and lilac	.15	
Australis—A bushy plant with attractive foliage		
4-5 ft. tall. Blue Lupine like flowers		.20
BELLIUM **Nimutum Tim live!	00	
*Minutum—Tiny little white daisies	.20	
*Rotundifolia Coerulescens—A lovely little daisy,		
lightly tinted with blue. Long season bloomer	.20	
CALAMINTHA		
*Alpina—Violet flowers on 6 inch plants in	1 1	
Price: 12 of one kind at price of 10; 3 or more at doz.	.15	
on mind at price of 10, 5 of more at doz.	lates	

	Pot.	F'ld
CAMPANULA (Bellflower) *Rellardi Mirandi Tubby little blue belle en lew		
*Bellardi Mirandi—Tubby little blue bells on low matted plants	25	
matted plants	0	
Border or rock garden	.15	.25
*Carpatica Alba—A white flowered form of the	1 5	.25
above. 6-9 inches	.15	.25
Lovely in rock gardens. Blue	.20	
*Garganica—A mass of blue stars in June	.20	
*Glomerata—10-12 inches; deep purple; June	.15	.25
*Lauri—From the mountains of Greece; wide starry bells of soft purple	35	
*Pusilla—The tiny blue bells rising from creeping	.00	
stems are lovely in rock clefts		
*Pusilla Alba—A clear white form		
*Rotundifolia—Scotch Blue Bell found around the world but lovely everywhere		
CARYOPTERIS	.13	
Mongolica—A shrubby plant with light blue		
flowers in late summer. 2 feet		.50
CENTAUREA Desirate 19 24 instance in the second se		20
Dealbata—18-24 inches; rose; June		.20
which the fluffy yellow powder puff blossoms		
appear in summer	.15	
Montana—15-18 inches; Much like a blue Bach-		20
elors Button; May		.20
*Tomentosum—Snow in Summer. A mat of sil-		
very foliage and white flowers in July	.15	.25
CERATOSTIGMA	4 ~	
*Plumbagoides—Bright deep blue in late summer CHEIRANTHUS	.15	
*Allioni—Siberian Wall Flower. Brilliant orange		
flowers in spring and summer. 10-12 inches.		
Biennial	.15	
CHELONE Lyoni—Turtle Head. 2-3 ft.; purplish rose; Sept.		.25
CHRYSANTHEMUM		.20
*Coreanum—Lightly tinted daisy flowers in Aut-		
umn. 2-3 ft.	.15	
Leucanthemum—Elder Daisy. An early flowering daisy of the Shasta type but hardier. May-June		.20
Shasta Daisy Alaska—The old favorite of the		.20
hardy garden		.20
Double Flowered Shasta Daisy—Large double	25	
and semi double flowers. Variable	.25	
Aladdin—A very early bronze variety starting to		
flower in midsummer	.25	
*Amelia—Also sold as Azaleamum and Pink		
Cushion. Dwarf plants 10 inches high starting to flower in August. Semi-double pink flowers	25	
Bronze Button—A good early variety		
Captain R. H. Cook—A strong growing pink		
pompon	.15	
Early Yellow Button—A mid-October flowering	.13	
variety	.15	
Gold Lode—A large flowered yellow	.15	
Gypsy Girl—Single crimson shading to bronze	15	
midseason	•13	
Price: 12 of one kind at price of 10; 3 or more at doz.	rates	

		Pot.	F'ld
	Irene—White; button variety		
	Julia Miller—A tall pink pompon		
	Lustre—Large flowered, silvery pink		
	Oconto—Large flowered early white		
	Petite Louise—A very fine light pink pompon White Doty—Midseason, white pompon		
	OOLE'S NEW SINGLE SEEDLING CHRYSA		E-AB
	MUMS—Choice, early free flowering singles of		
	double varieties.		
	Flora—Single shell pink quilled with flat tips to		
	petals	.25	
	Lena—Single clear yellow quilled petals with		
	flattened tips	.25	
	Mildred—Two rows of petals, pink at tip shading	25	
	to peach at base		
	Vera—White daisy-like flower Velma—White, quilled petals spreading flat at	.45	
	tips	25	
C1	LEMATIS		
-	Davidiana—2½-3 ft.; lavender blue; August-		
	Sept.		.25
	Recta—2-3 ft.; white; June		.35
	Tangutica—Vine; yellow; summer		.50
	ONVALLARIA (Lily of the Valley)		
	Majalis—6 inches; white; May	.25	
_	OREOPSIS		
	Lanceolata Grandiflora—24-30 inches; yellow; June-July		.20
C	ORYDALIS (Fumitory)		.20
	*Lutea—6-8 inches; yellow; June-August	.35	
	ELPHINIUM		
	Belladonna—18-24 inches; light blue; June Sep-		
	tember	.15	.20
	Bellamosum—18-24 inches; dark blue; June Sep-	. .	
	tember Garry-nee-Dule White Hybrids—3-6 ft. white	.15	
	June-July	25	.50
	Garry-nee-Dule Blue Hybrids—3-6 ft. various	.45	.50
	shades; June-July	.15	.25
D	IANTHUS		
	*Alpinus—Low growing green foliage covered at		
	flowering time with bright rose pink flowers	.35	
	*Arvernensis—Low growing mats of lovely grey		
	green foliage, attractive the year around. Pink		0.5
	flowers on slender stems in early June	.15	.25
	*Beatrix—Dark green foliage and light salmon pink double flowers during most of summer	15	.25
	*Crimson King—Also sold as Harvard Red,	.13	.43
	Dark red double flowers throughout the sun-		
	mer. An old plant recently revived. Very popular	.15	.25
	*Caesius-Cheddar Pink. Blue gray mats and		
	fringed pink flowers	.15	.25
	*Caucasicus—Compact glaucious grey follage.	0 =	
	Deep rose colored flowers		
	*DeltoidesMaiden Pink. Pink flower on mats of pretty green foliage 4-6 inches		.25
	*Deltoides Alba—White flowered form of above		.25
	*Deltoides Rockhome—New Beautiful bronzey		,
	foliage. Brilliant pink and red flowers		
	*FragransNew. Very fragrant species. White		
	flowers on 6 inch stems. Fine rock plant.		
	*Graniticus—Red and pink spotted flowers on		
	mats of glossy green foliage. Considered the	1 "	
	best of the deltoides group. 4-6 inches		
	22 of one and at price of 10, 5 of more at doz.		

	Pot.	F'ld
*Knappi—One of the few yellow flowered Dian-		1 10
thus. Heads of lemon yellow flowers during a		
long season		.25
*Monspessulanus—Rosy pink flowers. Late		
flowering. 6 inches	.15	
* Moesicus—New. Large white flowers similar		
to superbus. 4-8 inches	.15	
*Plumarius—Garden pink. Various shades of pink		
and red with darker centers		.25
*Pyridicola—A new dwarf species from Greece.		
Bright pink flowers on tufts of glaucous foliage		
*Saxigenus—New dwarf Rock Garden species.		
Unflowered as yet. Should be good		
*Sundermanii—White var ety of hybrid origin.		
Glaucous grey tufts. 4-6 inches		
*Superbus—Deeply fringed white flowers. 8-10		
inches		
*Stawkianus—New. Beautiful clear pink flowers.		
Good foliage	.25	
*Winteri—Striking new hybrid pinks. Various		
colors. 6 inches		
DICENTRA		
*Eximia—8-12 inches. rose, May-Sept	15	
Spectabile—24-30 inches. pink, May. The old		
fashioned Bleeding Heart	.15	
DIGITALIS (Foxgloves)		
Purpurea—The old fashioned Foxglove of Grand-		25
mothers Garden. Mixed colors		.25
DORONICUM (Leopardbane)		
*Clusi—A dwarf Alpine daisy growing but 10-12	20	
inches high. Yellow flowers in May and June		0=
*Excelsum—15-18 inches; yellow; May	.15	.25
DRABA (Whitlowgrass)	mar .c.	
*Bartoloni—A large form of Aizoides	.50	
*Fladnizensis—Sunny well drained soil, mats of	a =	
green foliage; white flowers very early	.25	
*Repens—Low creeping stems covered with tiny	- 0	
yellow flowers in early spring		.25
One each of the above 3 varieties of Draba, 80c		
DRACOCEPHALUM (Dragonhead)		
Ruyschianium—10-12 inches; blue; June. Ex-		
cellent for the foreground of the perennial		
border	.15	.25
ERIGERON (Fleabane)		
Speciosus—Bright lilac flowers in midsummer.		
15-24 inches	.15	.25
ERINUS		
*Alpinus—Wee tufts of dark green; rosy purple		
flowers on 3 inch branched stems	.15	
ERYNGIUM (Sea Holly)		
Amethyst num-Glaucus foliage and thistle like		
heads of steel blue		.25
ERYSIMUM		
*Linifolium—1 foot; lilac-mauve; June-August.		
Biennial		
*Nanum—8-12 inches; yellow; June-August	.15	
EUONYMUS		
Colorata—(Bronze Leaf Winter Creeper) Leaves		
turn bronze in fall and winter	.15	.50
low walls or rock garden		.50
Vegetus—(Big Leaf Winter Creeper) Large		
leaved form of above	.15	.50
Price: 12 of one kind at price of 10; 3 or more at doz.	rates	
Price: 12 of one kind at price of 10, 3 of more at doz.	rates.	

	Pot. F	ld.
EUPHORBIA (Spruge)	25	
*Myrsinites—8-12 inches; silvery foliage; yellow *Polychroma—12 inches; yellow; May		
FESTUCA (Fescue)	.23	
*Glauca—6-8 inches; ornamental blue grass	.15 .	20
FILIPENDULA (Meadowsweet)		
Hexapetala—12-18 inches; creamy white; June	.15	
FRAGARIA	Ì	
*Upright Alpine Strawberry—A bushy growing everbearing strawberry with long pointed orna-		
mental fruit	.25	.35
GAILLARDIA		
Grandiflora—18-24 inches. One of the best long		
season bloomers for the hardy border; various	1 5	25
combinations of yellow and red	.15 .	.25
Verum—Attractive green carpet smothered with		
fragrant yellow flowers in midsummer	.20	
GENTIANA		
*Cruciata—4 parted blue flowers in midsummer;		~ w
6-8 inches. An easily grown Gentian	.15	.25
GERANIUM (Cranesbill) Sanguineum—9-12 inches; Large red saucer shap-		
ed flowers	.15	.25
Sanguineum Lancastriense—2-3 inches; Flowers	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0
soft rosy pink over a long season	.25	
Wallichianum—A late flowered variety from		
Nepel. Dull blue flowers	.20	
GEUM (Avens)		
Mrs. Bradshaw—Scarlet flowers on 18 inch stems in midsummer		.25
GLAUCIUM (Horned Poppy(
Rubrum—2-3 ft. Gray foliage; yellow or orange		
poppy like flowers and curious long slender		
seed pods	.15	.25
GLOBULARIA		
*Trichosantha—Flat rosettes of dark foliage.		
Soft fluffy globes of flowers in late spring. 3-5 inches	15	
GORMANIA	•15	
*Watsoni-A curious Sedum like plant from the		
west. Yellow flowers. 3-4 inches	.25	
GYPSOPHILA		
Fratensis—Like a compact form of Gypsophila		
Repens with clear pink flowers. 3 inches Paniculata—2-3 ft. white; June		.20
Paniculata Bristol Fairy—18-24 inches double		.20
white; all summer, 1 yr. old		
*Repens—Trailing plant with white flowers in	ı	
May and June	.15	.25
HELENIUM	1 1	25
Hoopesi—2-3 feet. Large yellow daisies in June HELIANTHEMUM (Sunrose)	.15	.25
*Coccineum fl. pl. Fire Ball—Double scarlet		
flowers in June. 6-7 inches		
*Mutabile—Single flowers of various colors		
HELIANTHUS (Sunflower)		
Multiflorus fl. pl.—Visitors often mistake this for		
a very double Dahlia. 3-5 feet. Late summer and fall		
HELICHRYSUM (Everlasting)	10	
*Lanatum—6-7 inches; yellow; June	15	
Price: 12 of one kind at price of 10; 3 or more at doz	. rates.	

TYPNAPPOGATIA	Pot.	F'ld
HEMEROCALLIS Flava — (Lemon Lily) 30 inches; yellow; May-		
June		.20
Fulva—3 ft. copper orange; July		.20
Gold Dust—2½ ft.; bright yellow; June		.20
Hyrid Goldeni—Large clear yellow		.75
Kwanso fl. pl.—3-4 ft.; double orange; August Thunbergi—3-4 feet; lemon yellow; July		.20
HERNIARIA (Burstwort)		.20
*Glabra—Yellow!sh green foliage, for dry, sunny,		
paved walks		
HEUCHERA (Coral Bells)		
*Sanguinea Edge Hall—12-15 inches; pink; June		
*Sanguinea Red—15-16 inches; red; June		
HOSTA (Plantain Lily)	.43	
*Lanc'folia—8-10 inches; lilac; July	.15	.20
HYPERICUM,		
*Polyphyllum—Dense little 6 inch bushes crown-		
ed with golden stars in late spring		
*Reptans—A mat forming beauty from the		
Himalayas. Soft old gold flowers from pointed buds tinged red. 1-2 inches		
IBERIS (Candytuft)	. ,40	
*Sempervirens—6-8 inches; white; May	.15	
*Sempervirens Little Gem-3-5 inches; white;		
May	15	.25
INULA	س و	25
*Ensifolia—8-10 inches; yellow; June-August *IRIS (Dwarf Varieties)	15	.25
For Rock Garden or Border		
Atroviolacea Very early dwarf purple	ø	.25
Coerulea—Early light blue		.25
Ditton Purple—Large flowered purple		.25
Dixmude—Dark purple		.25
Florida—Light yellow		.25
Marocain—Deep blue black		.25
Orange—Deep yellow		.25
Schneekuppe—White with darker markings		.25
IRIS (Species, etc.)		
*Arenarius—Very dwarf yellow		
*Cristata—(Crested Iris) 4-6 inches; light blue		
May		
August	25	.50
*Ensata—An interesting Iris from North China		
Fragrant blue or lilac flowers on 18 inch stems	s .25	
Foliosa—18-24 inches; blue; June		.50
Missouriensis—Slender foliage; pale blue flower.		25
Mrs. A. W. Tait—3 ft. a soft porcelain blue Pseudo-acorus—2-3 ft. yellow; June		.25 .25
Siberica Orientalis—3 ft.; dark blue; June		.25
JASIONE		
*Perennis—Small heads of azure blue. 9-12 inches	s .20	
LAMIUM		
Maculatum—Green foliage with a silvery centra	l 15	
spot. Rose colored flowers on 10 inch stems	15	
LATHYRUS Latifolius—The well known hardy Pea. Rose	e	
colored flowers	• •	.25
LAVANDULA		
*Vera-The true old fashined English Lavende	r .25	
Price: 12 of one kind at price of 10; 3 or more at do	z. rat	es.

	Pot.	F'ld
LEONTOPODIUM (Edelweiss)		
Alpinium—Not hard to grow in limy well drained soil	25	35
LEVISTICUM	.20	.00
Officinale—Lovage. An unsual but very useful		
pot herb with celery like flavor. For soups,		
salads, and also blanched and used as a vege-		
table	.25	
LIATRIS (Blazing Star)		
Pychnostachya—4-5 ft.; dark orchid; August-		2=
September		.25 .25
Spicata—2-3 ft.; orchid; AugustLINARIA (Toadflax)		.25
*Alpina—2-3 feet; violet with orange; May-Sep-		
tember	.15	
*Origanifolia—Light lilac flowers in midsummer.	0	
4-6 inches	.15	.25
LINUM (Hardy Flax)		
Perenne—12-18 inches; light blue; June-July		.20
LYCHNIS (Campion)		
*Alpina—3-4 inches; bright pink; May		.20
Chalcedonica—18-24 inches; scarlet; July		.20
*Flos Jovis Alpina—A dwarf form of Lychnis		
Flos Jovis. Carmine flowers, 6-8 inches		
type		.25
*Haageana—6-8 inches; flesh rose; June-July		.20
*Viscaria Fl. Pl.—10-12 inches; bright carmine;		
June	.15	.25
LYSIMACHIA		
Frazer:—3 feet; yellow; July; This and the		
following variety are worth growing in any	•	
garden		.35
Punctata—2 feet; yellow; June		.35
*Nummularia—Creeping. A rampant grower but useful in waste places or rock walls. Yellow		
flowers		.25
LYTHRUM	.10	.20
Roseum—3-4 feet; rose; July		.25
MAMMILLARIA		
*Vivipara—(Hardy Cactus). 2-3 inches; rose	.15	
MAZUS		
*Reptans—Carpeting; blue; June. Lacking in		
hardiness here	.15	
MELISSA (Balm) Officinalis—Lemon flavored leaves used in flavor-		
ing salads and liquers. One of the sweet herbs.		
2 feet		
MENTHA (Mint)	,,,	
Citrata Bergamot—An aromatic herb grown for		
the scented leaves	.15	
Piperita—Peppermint. Original source of pepper-		
mint flavoring. 2-3 feet		
Pulegium—Pennyroyal. Strongly aromatic. Medic-		
inal herb. Creeping		
Spicata—Spearmint. Best known as a flavoring for gum, but used also to flavor salads, veget-		
ables and liquers		
MONARDA	.10	
Didyma—Oswego tea. Brilliant scarlet flowers in		
midsummer. 2 feet		
MYOSOTIS (Forget-me-not)		
Palustris—Much used for waterside planting.		
Clear blue flowers, yellow eye. Prostrate		
Price: 12 of one kind at price of 10: 3 or more at doz.	rate	3.

BABY PHLOX

Our first trials of small potted plants were what we called "Baby Phlox" to distinguish them from field grown stock. These are vigorous young plants, grown from cuttings in the greenhouse during the winter. If given ordinary care and treatment these little plants will make a single large flower head on a short stem the first season, with several stalks of normal height the second year.

We can supply the following varieties this year at the uniform price of 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$12.00 per 100, delivered, with varieties assorted as you wish.

Apollo—A new tall white.

Asa Gray-Rose pink, suffused crimson center.

Bridesmaid—24-30 inches; white with crimson eye.

Caliph—A very large flowered lavender.

Eclaireur—3 feet dark rosy lilac; strong grower.

Elizabeth Campbell—2 feet clear salmon. Enchantress—3 feet. Bright salmon pink with darker eyc.

Ethel Pritchard—A beautiful light blue on cloudy days or under morning light. Under mid-day sun a delicate mauve. Large flowers.

Europa—White with crimson eye.

Firebrand—Large bright red.

Flora Riedy—A very good white of medium height.

Jules Sandeau—Light salmon pink.

Milly Von Hoboken—24-30 inches; large soft pink flowers.

Mia Ruys—A very large flowered dwarf growing white.

Miss Lingard—24-30 inches. Shining green foliage, waxy white flowers in June.

Morgenrood—New. Deep rose red.

Mrs. Jenkins—A very good standard white with delicate creamy tint. 2 feet.

Rheinlander-A clear salmon pink with eye.

Rising Sun—A very good new salmon pink phlox of the type of Elizabeth Campbell but a stronger grower.

Riverton Jewel—Mauve pink with eye.

Rokoko—New. Large clear soft pink.

R. P. Struthers—One of the sturdiest and best varieties of Phlox. 3 feet, rose carmine with red eye.

Rynstrom—Clear rose pink.

Siebold—2 feet, deep salmon pink.

Thor-A large flowered deep salmon that is much admired.

Von Hochberg—3 feet. A fine bright crimson.

Von Lassburg—Large trusses of white flowers. Wm. Tell—A tall bright pink with cerise eye. Of the vigorous R. P. Struthers type.

SPECIAL OFFER: BABY PHLOX

14 plants for \$1.50, prepaid. 2 each of Baby Phlox Siebold, R. P. Struthers, Miss Lingard, Rising Sun, Bridesmaid, Flora Riedy, Von Hochberg, 14 plants in all, delivered.

	~~~	
	Pot.	F'ld
PHLOX SPECIES		
*Amoena—Sun loving species. Lilac pink flowers		
in clusters. 6 inch	.15	.25
*Diffusa—An Alpine species from the Rocky		
Mountains. Mats of soft green foliage. Flowers		
lavender to white. 4 inch	.35	
*Divaricata—A native species. Large fragrant		
lavender flowers on 6 inch stems		
*Divaricata Laphami—An improved form of the		
above, with blue flowers on 6 to 8 inch stems	.15	.25
*Ovata—Fine pink flowered species flowering in		
June. 7-8 inches		.25
*Pilosa—Bright pink flowers on 8-10 inch stems		.20
in May and June	15	.25
*Subulata Alba—Moss Pink. Pure white form of		.40
		.25
this well known dwarf. May		.45
*Subulata Apple Blossom—A fine form with		05
flowers of apple blossom pink in May		.25
*Subulata Atropurpuria—Very compact dark		
green foliage, small deep red flowers. May		
*Subulata Brittoni—Distinct foliage. More deli-		
cate type. White with lilac eye. May	.20	
*Subulata Blue Hill—New and one of the best.		
Deep blue flowers above a compact tuft. May	.20	

,	Pot.	F'ld
*Subulata Mrs. G. F. Wilson—Lavender flowers		
over green awl shaped leaves. May	.15	.25
*Subulata Rosea—Good rose flowering form with		
foliage of the type. May	.15	.25
*Subulata Vivid—A great aquisition. Deep salmon		
pink flowers in May	25	
One each of the above 14 varieties of dwarf	.20	
Phlox, \$2.00.		
PHYSOSTEGIA (False Dragon Head)		20
Virginica—3-4 feet; light pink; July-August		.20
*Virginica Vivid—2 feet; dark pink; August-		~ ~
September	.15	.25
PLATYCODON (Balloon Flower)		
Grandiflora—Fine. Dark blue bell shaped flowers		
on 18 inch stems. July-August		.25
Grandiflora AlbaPure white form of above. 18		
inch. July-August		.25
POLYGONUM (Knotgrass)		
Brunoni-New. Narrow evergreen leaves, rich		
bronze in fall. Clear pink spikes on 6 inch stems		
all summer	20	
POTENTILLA (Cinquefoil)	0	
Cinerea—A dainty Alpine. Pale yellow flowers		
	25	
on 4 inch tufts of foliage	.25	
PRIMULA (Primrose)		
Auricula—Fine heads of varicolored flowers on	0 =	
4 inch stems	.25	
Cashmiriana—Large ball shaped flower heads on		
stems 8 inches high. Flowers red, blue and		
lavender. May	.35	
Cortusoides—8-10 inches, bright rose; June	.25	
Mistassinica—Light green leaves from which		
spring 3-4 inch stems of delicate mauve flowers	.50	
Polyanthus—English Primrose. Many attratcive		
colors		
PULMONARIA LUNGWORT		
Officianalis—Dark green leaves spotted white.		
Light blue flowers which are pink in the bud		
stage. 8-10 inches. May		
PYRETHRUM	.20	
Corymbosum—Several medium sized white flow-		
		.25
ers on an 18 inch stem in early summer		.43
Roseum—Persian Daisy. Single and semi-double		
daisies varying from white through shades of		25
pink and rose to deep crimson. 12-18 inch. June		.25
Roseum Buckeye—A double flowered deep rose		
or red variety of great beauty		
Roseum Miami Queen—A bright pink double long		
blooming variety		
Roseum N. R. A.—A new double red	.35	
Roseum Trojan—Double dark pink		
*Tchihatchewii—Turfing Daisy. A mat forming	•	
perennial useful as a ground cover on sunny	•	
poor soils. Small white daisy like flowers		
ROSMARINUS		
Officinalis—The old fashioned fragrant Rose-		
mary. A tender perennial		
RUTA (Rue)		
Graveolens—An old fashioned medicinal herb	)	
with attractive foliage and yellow flowers.		
10-12 inches		
SAGINA (Pearlwort)	. , 20	
*Glabra—Bright green mossy growth for paved		
walks	15	25
3372126		4/4.2

	Pot.	F'ld
	*Kamtschaticum—10 inches; bright yellow; July .15	.20
	*Kamtschaticum Variegata—6-8 inches; varie-	
	gated foliage	
	with white. Lacks hardiness here	
	*Lydium—Bright green mossy mounds of foliage .15	.20
	*Magellense—Light green mossy foliage; not so	.20
	dense as Lydium	
	*Middendorfianum—Bright yellow; one of the	
	best of the medium upright group	.25
	*Middendorfianum Hybridum—Somewhat finer	
	growth than the above. Foliage colors crimson	
	in fall	
	*Nevi—Pale green rosettes 1-2 inches high15	
	*Oppositifolium—3-4 inches; white; July-August;	
	*Oregonum—3-4 inches; vivid green spatulate	
	leaves	
	*Pulchellum—6-8 inches; lilac rose; July. Bi-	25
	ennial in nature	.25
	reflexum, rupestre and anopetalum group all	
	resemble varying types of little spruce branches .15	
	*Feflexum Cristatum—A striking crested form of	
	reflexum	.25
	*Reflexum Minor—Compact type with blue-green	
	foliage	
	*Rupestre—Blue green foliage, formerly sold	
	as pruniatum fosterianum	
	*Sarmentosum—Free growing; creeping; light	
	green foliage; yellow flowers. Does well in	.20
	*Sexangulare—Much like acre but finer and turns	.20
		.20
	*Sibericum—Leaves are tiny pear shaped beads	
	of green	
	*Sieboldi—5-6 inches; rose; September. A very	
		.25
	"Silver"—Probably a form of Hispanicum with	
	especially attractive silvery foliage	.20
	*Spectabile Brilliant—12-15 inches; deep rose;	.20
	Sept	
	*Spectabile Variegata—Leaves marked creamy	
	white. Also sold as Alba-roseum variegatum15	
	*Spurium—5-6 inches; pink; July. A sturdy grow-	
	ing variety	.20
	*Spurium Coccineum—5-6 inches; crimson; July .15	.20
	*Stoloniferum—Like a delicate growing spurium,	
	yellow flowers	
	*Stribryni—A low-growing variety m'dway be-	
	tween acre, and reflexum in style of growth15	.25
	*Telephium—15-18 inches; rose purple; July	.25
	*Yosemetensis—3-4 inches; bright yellow flowers .25	
	One each 25 choice sediums \$3.50. One each 50	
	different sedums, \$6.75.	
1	SEMPERVIVUMS (Hen and Chickens)	
	*Arachnoideum—Green leaves connected by cob-	00
	web-like hairs. Red	.20
	*Arenarium—A tiny variety with pointed leaves .15	
	*Brauni—Green rosettes tipped brown, medium	
	size	
	Price: 12 of one kind at price of 10; 3 or more at doz. rates.	

Pot.	F'ld
*Globiferum—Round green globes tinting red in	
fall	
*Calcareum—Evidently not true but a fine	
variety; velvety green flat rosettes 5 or 6 inches across; light greenish-yellow flowers	
*Fimbriatum—A medium sized variety with sharp	
pointed leaves and many fine hairs	
*Glaucum—Leaves glaucous with brownish spot	
at tip. Red flowers	
*Doellianum—A less hairy form of Arachnoi-	
deum	
*Heuffel:—Green with leaf tips tinted brown.	
Increases by splitting of crown instead of "Chickens"	
"Chickens"	
variety with reddish marking	
*Pittoni—Rosettes 1½ inches across. Leaves	
blotched and tipped light red. Flowers yellow-	
ish white	
*Rubicundum—-Large velvety rosettes lightly	
tinted purple	20
*Tectorum—A large form of this old favorite15	.20
*Toole's Seedlings—A variety of sizes, forms and	
colors, tinting beautifully in fall and spring with shades of violet-purple, brown, etc. Very	
fine effect in the rock garden	.25
*Wulfeni—Rosettes 2 inches across slightly glau-	.20
cous, ciliate. Flowers pale yellow	
SCHIVERECKIA	
Bornmulleri—An early flowering crucifer resem-	
bling Alyssum. White flowers in earliest spring.	
2-3 inches	
SILENE (Catchfly)  *Alpestris-3-4 inches; white; May-June	
*Sax'fraga—4-5 inches; white tinted pink; June .15	
*Schafta—3-4 inches; bright carmine; September .15	
STACHYS (Betony)	
*Lanata—Woundwort. 12-15 inches; pink; June;	
leaves silvery and very wooly	.20
*Officinalis—10-12 inches; lilac pink; August15	
STATICE (Sea lavender)	
*Dumosa—8-12 inches; tinted white; July. new, good to dry for winter bouquets	.25
*Latifolia—10-12 inches; lavender; August	
TANACETUM	.30
Balsamita Costmary—An aromatic herb of the	
old fashioned garden	.25
Vulgare Tansy—One of the standard old fashion-	
ed medicinal herbs. The yellow flowers and	
finely divided leaves are ornamental in the	,
hardy border	
*Chamaedrys—5-6 inches; rose red; July. For	
the rock garden or perennial border	;
THYMUS (Thyme)	
*Aureus-Golden leaved Thyme. 5-6 inches;	
lilac; July	.25
*Argento Marginatus—5-7 inches; lilac; green	
leaves edged with creamy white	)
very attractive. Not very hardy here	5 25
*Citriodorus—6-8 inches; upright plant with	.23
pleasing lemon-scented leaves. Used to flavor	
salads	5 .25
Price: 12' of one kind at price of 10; 3 or more at doz. ra	tes.

T T	Pot.	F'ld
*Lanuginosus—Creeping, gray, hairy foliage; rarely blooms	15	25
*Nitidus—4-6 inches; upright sage green leaves	.15	.43
with pleasing scent	15	
*Serpyllum—Creeping, green foliage; lilac; July		
*Serpyllum Album-Creeping; white; July		.25
*Serpyllum Coccineum—Creeping; deep crimson;		
July	.15	.25
Serpyllum Odoratus—Sub-shrubby, useful for	4 =	
covering large rocks, very fragrant		25
*Vulgaris—Kitchen Thyme, also ornamental One each of the above ten varieties of Thyme		.23
potted plants, \$1.40.	-,	
TROLLIUS (Globe Flower)		
Europeus—2 feet. yellow; May. Needs a moist and		
fertile soil	.25	
Ledebouri—Taller and later flowering than Euro-		
peus. Flower less globular in shape	.25	
TRIFOLIUM		
Repens Purpurea—A most interesting and ornamental clover with bronze foliage. Grow it for		
luck because you can always find several four		
leaved clovers on an established plant	.15	
TUNICA (Coat Flower)		
*Saxifraga—3-5 inches; pink; July-August	.15	.20
*Saxifraga Fl. Pl.—Double flowered Tunica.		
3-5 inches; pink; June-August	.25	
VALERIANA		
Officinalis—(Garden Heliotrope) 5-6 feet; white;		.20
veronica (Speedwell)		.20
*Austriaca—8-10 inches; blue; June	.15	.25
*Corymbosa Stricta—Upright; 6-8 inches; blue;	,_,	
June	.15	
*Filiformis—Close creeper; light blue; May.		
Good for planting between stepping stones		.25
*Gentianoides—10-12 inches; blue; June-July	.25	
*Incana—8-10 inches; intense blue; June; leaves	.15	.25
gray Longifolia Subsessilis—12-18 inches; deep blue;	•••	
Sept.		.35
*Pectinata—Trailing; wooly foliage; blue	.15	
*Pectinata Rosea—Trailing; wooly foliage; rose;		~ ~
May	.15	.25
*Prostrata—3-4 inches; carpeting; May	.15	.25
*Spicata Nana—5-6 inches; blue; July. For rock		.40
garden or border	.15	.25
*Spicata Nana Erica-5-6 inches; pink; July. Has		
much the appearance of Heather		.25
*Teucrium—8-10 inches; intense blue; June	.15	.25
Virginica—3-5 feet; white; August. Our native		.25
veronica VIOLA		ر ک
*Arkwright Ruby—A bright ruby red variety of		
great beauty	.15	
*Apricot—5-6 inches; yellow shaded apricot; all		
season	.15	
*Applequist Seedling—An improved Jersey Gem.		
Flowers very large. A new variety from the	.25	
West Coast*Bowle's Black—5-6 inches; tiny black flowers	.43	
with violet center	.15	
Price: 12 of one kind at price of 10: 3 or more at doz.	rate	3.

	Pot.	F'ld
*Jersey Gem—6 inches; flowers violet; all sum- mer	15	25
*Jersey Jewel—6 inches; flowers larger and dark-	.10	.20
er than Jersey Gem. Very free flowering		
*Lutea—6 inches; clear yellow; all season *Odorata—English Violet. The old fashioned	.15	
sweet scented single blue violet	.15	.25
*Odorata Rosina—3-4 inches; rose, very sweet	0.5	
scented; flowers spring and fallVINCA (Periwinkle)	.25	
*Minor—Dark green leaves and blue flowers. A		
good ground cover under trees	.15	.25
*Minor Bowle's Variety—A compact form of the above	25	
YUCCA		
Angustifolia—Narrow, long leaves, 18 inches	.15	
ZAUSCHNERIA *Californica—California Fuchsia. Scarlet Fuch-		
sia like flowers	.35	
OLD FASHIONED HERBS		
For several years $M_i$ rs. Toole has been much in in our old fashioned herbs and of course I have		
expedient to trail along. As a result we offer this s		
of some of the best of the varieties that you wil		
want in your Herb Garden. The Herbs are divid general way into Aromatic Herbs, grown for th		
grance. Sweet or Pot Herbs used as a flavoring fo		
and Medicinal Herbs used in preparing old fa	ishio	ned
remedies. Some are hardy perennials and are indic the abbreviation Per. Tender perennials are so in		
and biennials as well. Annuals are indicated Ann.	iuica	iteu
Plants are out of 2½ inch pots and are ready t		
along nicely in your garden. Seeds are also off	ered	of
some kinds.  Mrs. Toole has prepared directions for the use of	of so	me
of the Sweet Herbs. A copy of these directions wil		
cluded with orders amounting to \$2.00 or over.		

While many will want to grow these herbs in a special herb garden, possibly in a formal design, most of them may be used as ornamental features in the rock garden or perennial border.

Chives, Germander, Lavender, Winter Savory, Rue and Thyme may well find a place in the rock garden, while practically all the balance have enough ornamentl features in flowers or foliage to merit a place in a mixed border.

i nowers or romage to merit a place in a mixed		
	Pl'ts	Seed
Anise—(Pimpinella Anisum) Sweet Herb. Ann	.10	.05
Balm—(Melissa Officinale) Aromatic and Sweet.		
Per.	.15	.05
Bergamot—(Mentha Citrata) Aromatic. Per	.15	
Borage—(Borago Officinalis) Sweet. Ann	.10	.10
Caraway—(Carum Carvi) Sweet. Biennial	.10	.05
Catnip—(Nepeta Cataria) Medicinal. Per	.15	
Chives—(Allium Schoenoprasum) Sweet. Per	.15	
Coriander—(Coriandrum Sativum) Sweet. Ann.	.10	.05
Costmary—(Tanacetum Balsamita) Aromatic.		
Per.	.15	
Dill—(Anethium Graveolens) Sweet. Ann	.10	.05
Fennel. Sweet or Florence—(Feniculum dulce)		
Sweet. Ann.	.10	.05
Geranium. Rose scented—(Pelargonium, Graveo-		
lens) Aromatic; tender. Per.	.15	
Price: 12) of one kind at price of 10; 3 or more at doz.	rates	

Germander—(Teucrium Chamaedrys) Aromatic.	Pl'ts S	Seed
Per	.15	
Horehound—(Marrubium Vulgare) Aromatic. Per.	15	.10
Hyssop—(Hyssopus Officinalis) Sweet. Ann	.10	.05
Lavender—(Lavendula Vera) Aromatic; tender. Per.	.15	.10
Lavender Cotton—(Santolina Incana) Aromatic; tender. Per.	.15	
Lovage—(Levisticum Officinalis) Sweet. Per Marjorum. Sweet—(Origanum Morjoranum)	.20	
Sweet; tender. Per.		.10
Pennyroyal—(Mentha Pulegium) Medicinal. Per. Peppermint—(Mentha Piperita) Flavoring. Per.		.05
Rosemary—(Rosmarinus Officinalis) Aromatic; tender. Per.	15	
Rue—(Ruta Graveolens) Medicinal. Per.	.15	.10
Saffron False—(Carthamus Tinctorius) Sweet. Ann.	.10	.10
Sage—(Salvia Officinalis) Sweet. Per	.15	.05
Ann. Savory, Winter—(Satureia Montana) Sweet. Per.		.05
Southernwood—(Artemisia Abrotanum) Aro-		
matic. Per		
Thyme, Kitchen—(Thymus Vulgaris (Sweet. Per. Tansy—(Tanacetum Vulgare) Medicinal. Per		.05
Verbena, Lemon—(Aloysia Citriodora) Aromatic; tender. Per.		
Wormwood—(Artemisia Absinthum) Medicinal.		0 ~
Per		
NATIVE PLANTS OF THE MIDDLE V		
Each year shows an increasing interest in the native to this section. Among them will be found we	pla zarie	ints ties
suited to the rock garden and the perennial border as the natural wild garden.		
As fast as facilities and our knowledge of met		
propagation permit, we are growing these varieties nursery. Those plants that are collected are take	en fr	.0111
waste places or spots unvisited by lovers of na where pasturing or cultivation will soon destroy		
stocks.  It may be necessary to delay shipment of some		
until late summer or fall if spring shipment seems		
able.  Consulting service at moderate expense for the	ose	de-
siring to naturalize considerable area is available.	I	Each
ACORUS (Sweet Flag) Calamus—Aromatic roots, grassy foliage, for edge	of	
pools and open damp places		.20
Alba—18-24 inches; white flowers and ivory colo		20
fruit with red pedicels	ra-	.20
cemes followed by red fruit. Both banebarries le	ove	.20
ACTINEA  *Herbacea—Lakeside Daisy. A mat forming pl		
with yellow daisies in early spring. Open grou	1	
well drained		.25

	Each
ANEMONE (Windflower) Canadensis—The white flowers on stems 15-20 inches	
high appear in June. Open damp places	.20
*Patens Var. Wolfgangiana—(Wild Crocus) Our	
earliest spring wild flower. Lavender flowers fol-	
lowed by silky feathery seed vessels. Open gravelly	
soil. Not easy to establish	.25
ARENARIA	
*Stricta—Needle like leaves, white flowers in late	0 4
spring. Open sun or light shade, sandy soil	.25
AQUILEGIA (Columbine)	
*Canadensis—Scarlet and yellow flowers on plants	
1-2 feet high. Often found in crevices of cliffs with	
but little soil. May-June. At home in sunor	25
shade, in good soil or almost none at all	.25
ARISAEMA (Jack-in-the-Pulpit)	
*Triphyllum—6-12 inches; brownish purple flowers in	
May followed by brilliant red berries. Slightly acid leaf mold. Shade	.20
ASARUM (Wild Ginger)	.20
*Canadense—Gets its name from the thickened roots	
strongly ginger flavored. A good ground cover for	
rich shade. 6-8 inches; Curious chocolate colored	
flowers in May	.20
ASCLEPIAS	••••
*Tuberosa—(Butterfly Weed) 12-15 inches; brilliant	
orange flowers in midsummer; Well drained soil	
in sun	.25
ASTER	
*Linariifolius—(Savory Leaved Aster) 8-12 inches;	
purple flowers in Sept. on stiff leaved compact	
bushy plants. Open sandy soil	.25
Novae Angliae—(New England Aster) Flowers pur-	
ple to rose colored on 3-4 feet stems in Sept. Rich	
fairly moist soil	.25
Sericeus—(Silky Leaved Aster) Mauve flowers on	
stems sparsely clothed with silky leaves in Sep-	
tember. Rather poor sandy soil	.25
CALTHA (Marsh Marigold)	
Palustris—8-12 inches; Open bogs are often a mass	
of yellow with this plant in early spring. May be	.25
grown in good garden soil, not too dry	.25
*Rotundifolia—6-12 inches; The purple bells may be	
found growing from crevices in rocky cliffs, on	
sandy hillsides, or hummocks in open swamps,	
but it's always attractive, all summer	
CAULOPHYLLUM (Blue Cohosh)	
*Thalictroides—10-15 inches. The bunches of blue	:
berries in mid-summer are the conspicuously orna-	
mental feature. Shade and leaf mold	
CLAYTONIA (Spring Beauty)	
*Virginica—2-4 inches. The rose colored flowers rise	
from grassy tufts in early spring. Shade, leaf mold	.15
CHRYSOGONIUM	
*Virginianum—From the Smoky Mountains of Ten-	
nessee. One inch golden flowers on short stems	0 =
all summer	.25
CYPRIPEDIUM (Lady Slippers)	
Acaule—Moccassin Flower. 6-10 inches; rose; June.	.35
Must have acid soil	
low; May; Not difficult to grow in shade in leaf	
mold	05

	Each
Candidum—Small White Lady Slipper. 6-8 inches;	
white; May. Not difficult in open or lightly shaded	
damp places	.50
Spectabile—Showy Lady Slipper. 2 feet. White shaded	•••
with rose; June. Needs a neutral soil, moisture and	
light shade	0 =
light shade	.35
DICENTRA	
*Cucullaria—Dutchmans Breeches. 5 inches; white	
early spring. Plant tiny bulbs shallow in rich leaf	
mold Shade	.15
DODECATHEON (Shooting Star)	.15
*Modic 10.12 : 1	
*Meadia—10-12 inches; white or pink; May. Open	
well drained but not poor soil. One of our more	
beautiful wild flowers	.25
ERYTHRONIUM (Dog-Tooth Violet)	
Americanum—Yellow flowers and mottled leaves.	
Early spring. Rich shade. Fall delivery	.15
Albidum—White or tinted flowers, leaves somewhat	• • • •
mottled. Rich soil	1 ~
	.15
EUPATORIUM (White Snakeroot)	
Urticaefolium—1-3 feet. white; Sept. One of the few	
fall flowering plants that thrives in deep shade	25
FIIDLODDIA (Communication of the control of the con	.25
EUPHORBIA (Spurge)	
Corollata—Grows plentifully in open sandy fields.	
Used in quantities by florists in summertime in	
place of Baby's Breath. 18-24 inches; small white	
flowers in Tules and A	20
flowers in July and August	.20
EPIPACTIS (Rattlesnake Plantain)	
*Pubescens—Low rosettes of greyish green leaves	
that are the ornamental feature. Rich medium acid	
loof model in the differential reaction. Nich integriting action	4 11
leaf mold in shade. Single rosettes. Clumps 50c	.15
GENTIANA	
*Andrewsi Closed on Datala Caust Till 1 1 1 1	
And twist—Closed of Bottle Gentlan. The dark blue	
*Andrewsi—Closed or Bottle Gentian. The dark blue of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for	
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for	
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches.	
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches.	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. most soil, sun or light shade GALIUM *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer.	
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. most soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer.	
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun  GAULTHERIA  *Procumbens—Wintergreen. 2-3 inches; Aromatic leathery leaves and red fruit. White flowers. Must	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun  GAULTHERIA  *Procumbens—Wintergreen. 2-3 inches; Aromatic leathery leaves and red fruit. White flowers. Must have highly acid soil and moderate shade	
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun  GAULTHERIA  *Procumbens—Wintergreen. 2-3 inches; Aromatic leathery leaves and red fruit. White flowers. Must have highly acid soil and moderate shade  GEUM	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun  GAULTHERIA  *Procumbens—Wintergreen. 2-3 inches; Aromatic leathery leaves and red fruit. White flowers. Must have highly acid soil and moderate shade  GEUM	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. most soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun  Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun  GAULTHERIA  *Procumbens—Wintergreen. 2-3 inches; Aromatic leathery leaves and red fruit. White flowers. Must have highly acid soil and moderate shade  GEUM  *Triflorum—Prair'e Smoke or Old Mans Whiskers. Red flowers in May, followed by fluffy seed vessels of a smoky color. 6-8 inches; Well drained	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. most soil, sun or light shade	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. most soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun  Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun  GAULTHERIA  *Procumbens—Wintergreen. 2-3 inches; Aromatic leathery leaves and red fruit. White flowers. Must have highly acid soil and moderate shade  GEUM  *Triflorum—Prair'e Smoke or Old Mans Whiskers. Red flowers in May, followed by fluffy seed vessels of a smoky color. 6-8 inches; Well drained	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun  GAULTHERIA  *Procumbens—Wintergreen. 2-3 inches; Aromatic leathery leaves and red fruit. White flowers. Must have highly acid soil and moderate shade  *Triflorum—Prair'e Smoke or Old Mans Whiskers. Red flowers in May, followed by fluffy seed vessels of a smoky color. 6-8 inches; Well drained soil, sun  HELENIUM	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. most soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun  GAULTHERIA  *Procumbens—Wintergreen. 2-3 inches; Aromatic leathery leaves and red fruit. White flowers. Must have highly acid soil and moderate shade  GEUM  *Triflorum—Prair'e Smoke or Old Mans Whiskers. Red flowers in May, followed by fluffy seed vessels of a smoky color. 6-8 inches; Well drained soil, sun  HELENIUM  Autumnale—Sneezewort. 2-4 feet yellow daisy-l'ke flowers in late summer. Rich moist soil, open sun  HEPATICA  *Acutiloba—Three parted leaves pointed at tips.	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun  GAULTHERIA  *Procumbens—Wintergreen. 2-3 inches; Aromatic leathery leaves and red fruit. White flowers. Must have highly acid soil and moderate shade  *Triflorum—Prair'e Smoke or Old Mans Whiskers. Red flowers in May, followed by fluffy seed vessels of a smoky color. 6-8 inches; Well drained soil, sun  HELENIUM  Autumnale—Sneezewort. 2-4 feet yellow daisy-l'ke flowers in late summer. Rich moist soil, open sun  HEPATICA  *Acutiloba—Three parted leaves pointed at tips. Easier to grow than Americana because it does not require acid soil. Evergreen leaves over winter, new leaves following the flowers. One of the loveliest little woodland flowers of early spring; varying shades of light blue, delicate pink or clear	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun  GAULTHERIA  *Procumbens—Wintergreen. 2-3 inches; Aromatic leathery leaves and red fruit. White flowers. Must have highly acid soil and moderate shade  *Triflorum—Prair'e Smoke or Old Mans Whiskers. Red flowers in May, followed by fluffy seed vessels of a smoky color. 6-8 inches; Well drained soil, sun  HELENIUM  Autumnale—Sneezewort. 2-4 feet yellow daisy-l'ke flowers in late summer. Rich moist soil, open sun  HEPATICA  *Acutiloba—Three parted leaves pointed at tips. Easier to grow than Americana because it does not require acid soil. Evergreen leaves over winter, new leaves following the flowers. One of the loveliest little woodland flowers of early spring; varying shades of light blue, delicate pink or clear white	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  "Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo'st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  *Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25
of closed Gentian carries the flowering season for the wild garden into late October. 10-12 inches. mo st soil, sun or light shade  GALIUM  "Boreale—(Northern Bedstraw) 10-12 inches. Masses of tiny creamy white flowers in midsummer. Heavily sweet scented. Sandy soil in sun	.25

	Each
2-3 feet. Blue flowers with yellow spot at base of	
blade	.25
LIATRIS (Blazing Star)	
Pychnostachya—4-5 feet; long spikes of dark mauve	
flowers. AugSept. Good garden soil, sun	.25
Spicata—Shorter spikes. Well drained sandy soil.	0
The state of the s	.25
Late summer	.43
LITHOSPERMUM (Puccoon)	
Angustifol um—8-10 inches. Vivid yellow flowers in	
spring. Sandy soil, sun	.25
LOBELIA	
Cardinalis—(Cardinal Flower) Brilliant and showy	
cardinal flowers on stalks 2-4 feet high in August.	
Grows wild along the sides and even on the beds	
of creeks where it is covered with two or three	
inches of water part of the year. Will grow in fer-	0.5
tile garden soil	.25
MERTENSIA	
Virginica—(Virginia Cowslip) 10-20 inches; glaucous	
green foliage, pink buds followed by delicate blue	
flowers in early spring. Sun or shade; fertile moist	
soil	.20
	.40
MITCHELLA (Partridge Berry)	
Repens—Trailing; pink flowers followed by red	
fruit in fall. One of the finest of ground covers for	
moderately acid soil	.15
MITELLA (Bishopscap)	
Diphylla—8-12 inches. Spikes of tiny white snow-	
flake-1'ke flowers in spring. Somewhat hairy maple	
shaped leaves. Rich leaf mold, shade	25
OPUNTIA (Cactus)	.20
*Frag'lis—(Small Prickly Pear) A hardy Cactus	
found on our rocky bluffs. Flat stems and long	
yellow spines. 2-6 inches. Good for dry rock gar-	
dens or cactus bowl in the house	.25
*Rafenesquii—(Prickly Pear) The Lat stems are	
much larger than fragilis and may reach a height	
of 12 inches and will spread out over an area of 2	
feet across. Yellow flowers in July, red edible fruit	
in fall	.25
PENTSTEMON	.43
Grandiflorum—One of the best of the Pentstemons.	
Lavender foxglove-like flowers in late spring. 18-24	
inches. Requires well drained soil, sun	.25
PHLOX	
*Divaricata—(Woods Phlox) Makes a lovely carpet	
of blue in spring. Light shade, fertile soil and fair	
amount of moisture	.20
*Pilosa—Prairie Phlox. Well drained soil in open,	.20
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
sunny spots. Bright rose, sometimes plain magenta,	
It needs to be used with some care in the garden.	
8-12 inches	.25
POLEMONIUM	
*Reptans—Grows in somewhat damp, shady places,	
ordinary soil. 10-12 inches. May-June. Bell-shaped	
violet-blue flowers	.20
POLYGONATUM	.20
*Biflorum—(Solomon's Seal) The blue-black berries	
hang from the under side of arching leafy stalk	0.0
growing 18-30 inches tall	.20
RANUNCULUS	
*Fasicularis—(Early Spring Buttercup) A very	
early yellow flower growing on warm sandy slopes.	
3-4 inches. April	.20
4	

### NATIVE FERNS

Woodland and Swamp Ferns, indifferent to soil reaction or preferring circumneutral soil.

#### ADIANTUM

Pedatum—(Maidenhair Fern) Highly desirable. 1-2 feet.

#### ATHYRIUM

Felix-Foemina—(Upland Lady Fern) Attractive but spreads rapidly; 1-3 feet.

#### CYSTOPTERIS

Fragilis—(Woodland Brittle Fern) A low delicate ground covering plant; attractive but fronds short-lived; 6-8 inches.

#### DRYOPTERIS

Marginalis—(Margined Wood Fern) Evergreen; fine for holding soil on slopes; one of the best ferns for home gardens; 1-2 feet.

Spinulosa—Attractive, foliage more delicate than preceding; 1-2 feet.

#### **OSMUNDA**

Claytonianna—(Interrupted Fern) Large but highly desirable. 2-4 feet.

#### **PTERETIS**

Nodulosa—(Ostrich Fern) Fronds brittle, so plant where sheltered from wind; 2-4 feet.

Rock Ferns indifferent to reaction or preferring circumneutral soils.

#### **ASPLENIUM**

Trichomanes—(Rock-Maidenhair) Fine on shaded, rather moist rock,

#### **CAMPTOSORUS**

Rhizophyllus—(Walking Fern) Worth growing in any cool, shady place.

#### CHEILANTHES

Feei—(Lip-Fern) Tiny, wooly leaved fern growing on sunny lime rock.

#### CYSTOPTERIS

Bulbifera—(Bulblet Fern) Attractive on shaded rocks. PELLAEA

Atropurpurea—(Cliff-brake) Desirable for sunny situations but must have moisture.

#### POLYPODIUM

Vulgare—(Rockcap Fern) Desirable as a capping for any rock.

#### WOODSIA

Obtusa—(Cliff-fern) Adaptable to almost any rock situation.

Rock Ferns preferring or requiring acid soils.

#### WOODSIA

Ilvensis—(Rusty Cliff-fern) Attractive on dry rocks of moderate acidity.

## PRICES ON FERNS 25c each; \$2.50 ped dozen

With each order for Ferns amounting to \$2.00 or more we will send a very interesting booklet on Native Ferns edited by Mrs. Kathryn E. Boydston, which was for sale at the Century of Progress. It contains articles by Mrs. Boydston, Dr. E. T. Wherry and other authorities on Ferns.

#### A Fern Bed of 36 Clumps for \$5.00. Delivered.

These 36 plants are just what you want to start your wild garden. The Fern Bed includes: 10 Ostrich Ferns; 10 Lady Ferns; 10 Clayton Ferns; 6 Maidenhair Ferns. Half of the Fern Bed; 18 plants for \$3.00. Delivered.